## Arterial Road Compact Lot Development Requirements

All compact lot developments in Central Richmond and Steveston on the arterial roads shown on the Arterial Road Housing Development Map, should meet the following development requirements.

## Lane Access

1. All compact lot developments must have vehicle access from a functional municipal lane.

## Internal Lot

2. An internal lot facing and addressed off a local road may be included in a compact lot development fronting onto an arterial road if it is located between the arterial road and the proposed back lane as shown on the Lane Network Map.

## Compact Lot Single Detached

3. Single detached housing with a secondary suite is permitted on all compact lots (e.g., min. 9 m or 30 ft . wide lots).

## Compact Lot Coach House

4. Single detached housing with a detached coach house unit is permitted on compact lots with at least 35 m (115 ft.) lot depth.

## Compact Lot Duplex

5. A front to back duplex is permitted on compact lots with at least $40 \mathrm{~m}(131 \mathrm{ft}$.) lot depth.
6. Duplex development may be considered on corner sites with lane access.
7. No secondary suite is permitted in a duplex unit.
8. A Development Permit is required for all compact lot duplex developments.

## Density

9. The maximum density for compact lot developments is 0.6 FAR.
10. The maximum number of units on each compact lot is two (2) (i.e., a single detached dwelling with a secondary suite, a single detached dwelling with a coach house unit above a detached garage, or a front to back duplex).

## Corner Lot Building Facades

11. Appropriate design treatment to both street facades shall be provided when the building is on a corner. The design of a corner should be unique and incorporate special features.

## Landscape Plan

12. For Compact Lot Single Detached and Compact Lot Coach House developments, a landscape plan, prepared by a registered landscape architect, must be provided as a condition of Rezoning. Landscaping in Compact Lot Duplex developments is subject to a Development Permit.

## Landscape Cost Estimates

13. The landscape architect must submit a cost estimate of the proposed landscaping (including fencing, paving, installation costs and a $10 \%$ contingency) with the landscape plan as a condition of Rezoning.

## Landscape Security

14. Security in the amount of the cost estimate submitted by the landscape architect for landscaping must be provided as a condition of Rezoning.

## Grade—Front Yard

15. The site grade between the City's sidewalk and the landscaping along the front property line should be the same.

## Grass Strip-Front Yard

16. Wherever possible, a grassed strip with at least one (1) deciduous tree (minimum 6 cm or 2.5 in . caliper) per lot should be installed along the front property line (see New Trees—Front Yard).

## Existing Tree and Hedge Retention

17. Wherever possible, existing trees and hedges should be retained, particularly if the trees are in the front yard and the hedges are in the side yard.

## Replacement Trees

18. Where existing trees are being removed, the replacement trees shall:
a) meet the City's $2: 1$ replacement policy;
b) comply with the minimum planting sizes specified in the City's Tree Protection Bylaw, unless approved otherwise by the Director of Development or designate;
c) include an appropriate combination of coniferous and deciduous trees.

## New Trees-Front Yard

19. In addition to the aforesaid landscaping along the front property line, one (1) deciduous tree (minimum 6 cm or 2.5 in . caliper) or one (1) coniferous tree (minimum height 3.5 m or 11.5 ft .) is to be planted on each lot in the front yard.

## Coniferous Trees

20. Coniferous trees must be sized and spaced appropriately and be subject to Crime Prevention Through Environmental Design (CPTED) principles.

## Fencing-Front Yard

21. Fencing in the front yard is limited to a maximum height of $1.2 \mathrm{~m}(3.94 \mathrm{ft}$.) and must be picket, wicket or post-rail rather than solid panel, which could be setback from the front property line if possible.

## Flowers and Low Lying Landscaping-Front Yard

22. Fencing should incorporate flower beds, flowering shrubs and other low lying landscaping to provide improved articulation.

## Decorative Features-Front Yard

23. Decorative arbours/brackets/trellis features may be used to further articulate the fencing provided that they are in scale with and totally complementary to the fencing details.

## Planting-Front Yard

24. All front yard areas and front property lines must be planted with a combination of lawn, flower beds, flowering shrubs and ground cover to provide seasonal interest and water permeability.

## Shrubs—Front Yard

25. If individual shrubs are planted in the front yard, they must be of a low height that will not exceed $1.2 \mathrm{~m}(3.94 \mathrm{ft}$.) and must be located behind any fencing on the front property line.

## Hedges-Front Yard

26. Continuous hedges are not permitted in the front yard.

## Walkways/Pathways—Front Yard

27. Walkways/pathways from the arterial road to the entrance of the single family residence or coach house are not to consist of asphalt materials (e.g., should be aggregate concrete, stamped concrete, paving stones, pervious paving or other acceptable material to the City).
