### 8.2 Compact Single Detached (RC1, RC2)

### 8.2.1 Purpose

The zone provides for compact single detached housing with a range of compatible secondary uses. The zone is divided into two sub-zones: RC1 for existing compact single detached housing; and RC2 which provides for a density bonus that would be used for rezoning applications in order to help achieve the City's affordable housing objectives.

### 8.2.2 Permitted Uses

- housing, single detached


### 8.2.3 Secondary Uses

- bed and breakfast ${ }^{[B y l a w ~ 8672, ~ J a n ~ 24 / 11] ~}$
- boarding and lodging
- community care facility, minor
- home business
- secondary suite


### 8.2.4 Permitted Density

1. The maximum density is one principal dwelling unit per lot.
2. For compact single detached housing zoned RC1, the maximum floor area ratio is 0.60 applied to a maximum of $464.5 \mathrm{~m}^{2}$ of the lot area, together with 0.30 applied to the balance of the lot area in excess of $464.5 \mathrm{~m}^{2}$.
3. For compact single detached housing zoned RC 2 , the maximum floor area ratio is 0.40 applied to a maximum of $464.5 \mathrm{~m}^{2}$ of the lot area, together with 0.30 applied to the balance of the lot area in excess of $464.5 \mathrm{~m}^{2}$.
4. Notwithstanding Section 8.2.4.3, the reference to " 0.4 " is increased to a higher density of " 0.6 " if:
a) the building contains a secondary suite; or
b) the owner, at the time Council adopts a zoning amendment bylaw to include the owner's lot in the RC2 zone, pays into the affordable housing reserve the sum specified in Section 5.9 of this bylaw.
5. Further to Section 8.2.4.4, the reference to " 0.4 " in Section 8.2.4.3 is increased to a higher density of " 0.6 " if:
a) an owner subdivides bare land to create new lots for single detached housing; and
b) i) $100 \%$ of the lots contain secondary suites; or ${ }^{[B y l a w ~ 9641, ~ J a n ~ 16 / 17] ~}$
ii) at least $50 \%$ of the lots contain a secondary suite and the owner, at the time Council adopts a zoning amendment bylaw to include the owner's lot in the RC1 or RC2 zone, pays into the affordable housing reserve the sum specified in Section 5.15 of this bylaw for the floor area permitted on any lot not containing a secondary suite; or ${ }^{[B y l a w ~ 9641, ~ J a n ~ 16 / 17] ~}$
iii) the owner, at the time Council adopts a zoning amendment bylaw to include the owner's lot in the RC1 or RC2 zone, pays into the affordable housing reserve the sum specified in Section 5.15 of this bylaw. ${ }^{[B y l a w ~ 9641, ~ J a n ~ 16 / 17] ~}$
6. For the purposes of this zone only, up to $10 \%$ of the floor area total calculated for the lot in question is not included in the calculation of maximum floor area ratio, provided the floor area: ${ }^{\text {[Bylaw 8582, Apr. 19/10] }}$
a) is used exclusively for covered areas of the principal building and the covered areas are always open on two or more sides; [Bylaw 8582, Apr. 19/10]
b) is never enclosed; and ${ }^{[B y l a w ~ 8582, ~ A p r . ~ 19 / 10] ~}$
c) is not located more than 0.6 m above the lowest horizontal floor. ${ }^{[B y l a w}$ 8582, Apr. 19/10]

### 8.2.5 Permitted Lot Coverage

1. The maximum lot coverage is $50 \%$ for buildings.
2. No more than $70 \%$ of a lot may be occupied by buildings, structures and non-porous surfaces.
3. $20 \%$ of the lot area is restricted to landscaping with live plant material.

### 8.2.6 Yards \& Setbacks

1. The minimum front yard is 6.0 m .
2. The minimum interior side yard is 1.2 m .
3. The minimum exterior side yard is 3.0 m .
4. The minimum rear yard is 6.0 m . For a corner lot where the exterior side yard is 6.0 m , the rear yard is reduced to 1.2 m .
5. Repealed. ${ }^{\text {[Blaw 9280, Sep 14/5] }}$
6. A detached accessory building of more than $10.0 \mathrm{~m}^{2}$ located in the rear yard that is used exclusively for on-site parking purposes may be linked to the principal building by an enclosed area, provided that:
a) the width of the enclosed area that links the accessory building to the principal building does not exceed the lesser of:
i) $50 \%$ of the width of the principal building; or
ii) $\quad 3.6 \mathrm{~m}$; and
b) the building height of the accessory building and the enclosed area that links the accessory building to the principal building is limited to a single storey no greater than 5.0 m .
7. Bay windows which form part of the principal building may project into the rear yard setback for a distance of 1.0 m or one-half of the rear yard, whichever is the lesser.
8. The minimum building separation space is 3.0 m , except that an enclosed area, as described in Section 8.2.6.6, may be located within the building separation space.

### 8.2.7 Permitted Heights

1. The maximum height for principal buildings is $21 / 2$ storeys, but it shall not exceed the residential vertical lot width envelope and the residential vertical lot depth envelope. For a principal building with a flat roof, the maximum height is 7.5 m . ${ }^{\text {[Bylaw } 9223, \text { Apr 20/15] }}$
2. The ridge line of a side roof dormer may project horizontally up to 0.91 m beyond the residential vertical lot width envelope but no further than the setback required for the interior side yard or the exterior side yard.
3. The ridge line of a front roof dormer may project horizontally up to 0.91 m beyond the residential vertical lot depth envelope but no further than the setback required for the front yard.
4. For the purpose of these zones only, residential vertical lot depth envelope means a vertical envelope located at the minimum front yard setback requirement for the lot in question.
5. The residential vertical lot depth envelope is:
a) calculated from the finished site grade; and
b) formed by a plane rising vertically 5.0 m to a point and then extending upward and away from the required yard setback at a rate of two units of vertical rise for each single unit of horizontal run to the point at which the plane intersects to the maximum building height.
6. Repealed. ${ }^{\text {[Bylaw } 9280, \text { Sep 14/15] }}$
7. The maximum height for accessory structures is 9.0 m .

### 8.2.8 Subdivision Provisions/Minimum Lot Size

1. The minimum lot dimensions and areas are as follows, except that the minimum lot width for corner lots is an additional 2.0 m .

| Minimum <br> frontage | Minimum <br> lot width | Minimum lot <br> depth | Minimum <br> lot area |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 9.0 m | 9.0 m | 24.0 m | $270.0 \mathrm{~m}^{2}$ |

### 8.2.9 Landscaping \& Screening

1. Landscaping and screening shall be provided according to the provisions of Section 6.0, except that:
a) fences, when located within 3.0 m of a side lot line abutting a public road or 6.0 m of a front lot line abutting a public road, shall not exceed 1.2 m in height; and
b) fences, when located elsewhere within a required yard, shall not exceed 1.83 m in height.
2. A private outdoor space with a minimum area of $20.0 \mathrm{~m}^{2}$ and a minimum width and depth of 3.0 m shall be provided on the lot outside of the front yard unoccupied and unobstructed by
any buildings, structures, projections and on-site parking, except for cantilevered roofs and balconies which may project into private outdoor space for a distance of not more than 0.6 m .

### 8.2.10

On-Site Parking

1. On-site vehicle parking shall be provided according to the standards set out in Section 7.0, except that the maximum driveway width shall be 6.0 m .
2. For the purpose of these zones only, a driveway is defined as any non-porous surface of the lot that is used to provide space for vehicle parking or vehicle access to or from a public road or lane.
8.2.11 Other Regulations
3. In addition to the regulations listed above, the General Development Regulations in Section 4.0 and Specific Use Regulations in Section 5.0 apply.
